MISSION STATEMENT
The mission of the Rhode Island Parole Board is to enhance public safety, contribute to the prudent use of public resources, and consider the safe and successful re-entry of offenders through discretionary parole.

RHODE ISLAND LAWS ON PAROLE
(R.I. Gen. Laws § 13-8-1 et. seq.)

Under Rhode Island law, the parole board evaluates and considers the discretionary and conditional early release of sentenced persons serving a term at the Rhode Island ACI of more than six (6) months. Life without parole and habitual offender sentences are not eligible for parole.

The parole board meets five (5) times monthly and members are scheduled to sit in panels of three (3) when considering cases (RIGL 13-8-3(d)). The board may, by majority vote, issue a parole permit after an eligible person has served at least 1/3 of their sentence. Consecutive sentences are aggregated to determine initial parole eligibility.

Life sentence cases require a unanimous vote for parole release. Initial parole eligibility on life and lengthy sentences is determined by RIGL 13-8-9, 13-8-10, and 13-8-13. The RI Department of Corrections (RI DOC) calculates initial parole eligibility on sentences imposed by the court and then sends a list of eligible persons to the board for scheduling.

Medical and geriatric parole may be granted in certain cases at any time during an inmate’s sentence.

Victims, non-offending parents of minor victims, and an immediate family member of deceased victims have a right to address the parole board prior to the board’s consideration of a case.

The board publishes monthly in the newspaper and on its website a list of those inmates scheduled for parole consideration. Anyone may write in to offer comment on a parole candidate. All decisions of the parole board are posted on the RI Secretary of State website.

Persons released to parole are supervised by a parole officer from the DOC. If a parolee violates any terms and conditions of parole while in the community, they may be detained and returned to the ACI, and subject to a parole revocation hearing by the parole board.

Please go to https://paroleboard.ri.gov/ for more information, board guidelines, and links to statutes and resources

CURRENT BOARD MEMBERS
Laura A. Pisaturo, Esq., Chairperson
Victoria M. Almeida, Esq., Vice-Chairperson
Bonita Cade, PhD., JD
Marilyn Cepeda
Tonya Glantz, PhD
Major Timothy O’Hara, Providence PD
Peter Slom, LICSW

PAROLE VS. PROBATION
Parole is discretionary release by a parole board for a person to serve the balance of their prison sentence in the community under supervision. Conditions of parole are set by the parole board. Persons on parole are supervised by a parole officer, they must have a stable home and employment plan and comply with all conditions set by the parole board, including regular drug and alcohol screening. Persons on parole are supervised by a parole officer from the RI Department of Corrections (DOC). After a person completes parole, they may also have continued supervision on probation. Probation is either an alternative to prison or follows the prison portion of a sentence imposed by a judge. Conditions of probation are set by the judge. Persons on probation are supervised by a probation officer from the RI DOC.

CURRENT STATISTICS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CY</th>
<th>Total Applications</th>
<th>Parole Hearings*</th>
<th>Granted</th>
<th>Denied</th>
<th>Annual Parole Rate (Avgl)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2020</td>
<td>911</td>
<td>775</td>
<td>282</td>
<td>493</td>
<td>37%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2021</td>
<td>723</td>
<td>612</td>
<td>254</td>
<td>358</td>
<td>41%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2022</td>
<td>665</td>
<td>564</td>
<td>171</td>
<td>393</td>
<td>31%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2023</td>
<td>700</td>
<td>618</td>
<td>224</td>
<td>394</td>
<td>36%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*incl. medical parole

Approximately 50% of the sentenced ACI population are parole eligible. Parole violators account for approximately 6% of recidivists (CY2019 cohort) returning to the ACI while on parole. Of those returning for violation, 23% returned due to a new arrest. Source: RI DOC Annual Recidivism Brief https://doc.ri.gov/node/681